



Two decades of European and national policies promoting transparency and transferability of learning outcomes:

**Observing the forest - not only single trees** 

29 September 2022 Zelda Azzara and Jens Bjornavold

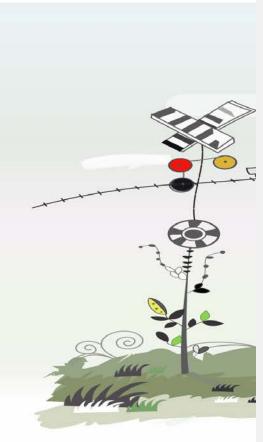




#### Making learning progression a reality

Building on lessons from European transparency tools
29 September 2022 I Virtual event
#learningoutcomes

# 1990-2000....growing awareness



❖ A growing awareness that learning takes place throughout life and in all venues of life - in education, at work and at home – and that individuals must be able to combine and build on this learning.

The 1996 year of lifelong learning and the 2001 Memorandum on lifelong learning

Underlines the need for more flexible and open education and training systems able to identify and address the needs of individuals.



#### Barriers....



- The vast learning taking place outside formal education and training is partly invisible and less valued
- Education and training systems have increased not only in size but also in complexity making it difficult for individuals to make use of opportunities and pathways
- Education and training systems are organised as 'silos' operating partly in isolation from each other and raising barriers rather than creating opportunities
- Education and training systems have not been designed to facilitate international labour market and learning mobility

## 1990-2000...identifying responses

- A need to increase the **transparency** of systems, at national and European level
- A need to enable **transferability** of outcomes, individuals should not have to restart/repeat learning every time they cross a border institutional, sectoral or national.
- A need to focus on **outcomes of learning** rather than input thus opening up to formal as well as non-formal and informal settings.





## Transparency – European level responses

- Europass platform (2004…)
  - Diploma- certificate- and mobility- supplements
- EURES platform
- Directive on Professional qualifications information support
- Qualifications frameworks (1999...)
  - European Qualifications Framework QF-European
     Higher Education Area
- Piloting and experimenting (ESF, Erasmus etc)

- To a large extent reflecting the need to facilitate
   European labour market
   mobility
- Education and training
   lifelong learning reform an
   'add on' to the European
   Mobility priority



## Transparency – National responses

- Guidance and counselling
- ❖ Adaptation of European instruments (2005>)
  - National and sectoral qualifications frameworks
  - Europass and Eures
- Improvement of national information sources (e.g databases)
- ❖ Learning outcomes based descriptions of qualifications and programmes (1980 >)

- Focus on national education and training systems and their interaction with labour market
- European labour mobility an 'add on' to national priorities



# Transferability – European responses

- Directive on professional qualifications (1989>)
- Student and learner exchange schemes (1987>)
- **❖** ECTS (1999...)
- **❖** ECVET (2009-20)
- ❖ Validation (2002, 2012)
- Europass and Eures CVs
- ❖ Individual learning accounts (2021>)

- Initiatives are embedded in the education and training and go beyond the objective of European labour mobility
- Initiatives are predominantly sector-bound



## Transferability – National responses

- Restructuring of education an training systems (Permeability)
- Restructuring of education and training (unit based and module based systems)
- National recognition arrangements
- National credit transfer + adoption of European credit transfer

- Focus on the modernisation and flexibilization of national education systems
- Mutual learning and policy exchange an important feature of developments (



## Outcomes orientation – European responses

- From programme (input) to qualification (outcomes) focus (2000>)
- ❖ Learning outcomes acting as 'the glue' (2005>)
  - for qualifications frameworks
  - for credit transfer
  - for validation
- ❖ Key competences (2006>)
- Terminology (ESCO and JRC Competence Frameworks) (2010>)

- The shift to an outcomes
   perspective critical to EU mobility
   and lifelong learning strategies.
- While national inputs will always differ, outcomes can be compared and shared across national and institutional borders



### **Outcomes orientation – National responses**

- Learning outcomes and competence based curricula (1980>)
- ❖ Learning outcomes as 'the glue' (2005>)
  - National qualifications frameworks
  - Programme curricula and qualification standards
  - Validation
  - Credits

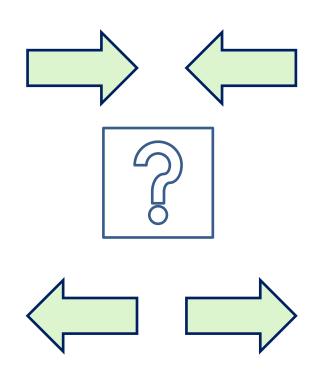
- Powerful initiatives potentially shifting the orientation of institutions and systems
- National initiatives influenced by EU initiatives, but deeply rooted in national reforms
- EU initiatives directly influenced by national reforms



# From European to national or from national to European?

#### **European influences**

- Directive on Professional qualifications
- Mutual learning through technical cooperation
- Programmes for exchange and piloting (Erasmus etc.)
- EQF and EHEA (Bologna)
- ECTS



#### **National influences**

- Learning outcomes and competence
- Focus on permeability of systems
- Focus on units and modules of systems
- Focus on validation

## The key research question

Has the multitude of policy initiatives promoting transparency, transferability and outcomes made any difference – in practice and for individual citizens?





# Cedefop's project transparency and transferability of learning outcomes: 2022-2024



Long term approach

European and national policy initiatives (2000-2021)



Comprehensive approach

Wide range of policy initiatives



Insights on coherence, combined impact and sustainability





**Input** into future policies at European and national level



## Researching sustainability and impact of policies

#### **European level**



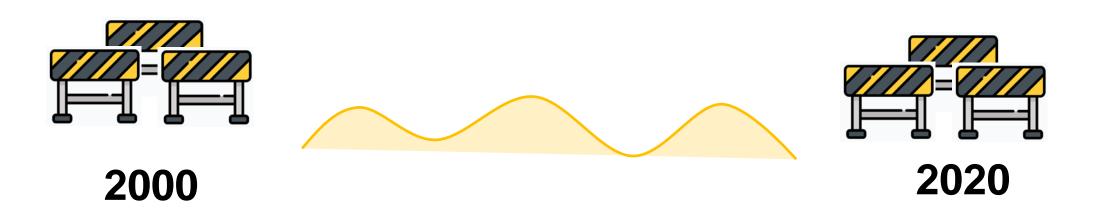


- National level
- Identify policy initiatives (since 2000)
- Orientation and objectives
- ❖Connections → support or contradictions?

How can they be assessed according to **sustainability** and **impact**?

# Lifelong learning policies 2000 – 2020: what has changed for individuals

Which obstacles to lifelong and life-wide learning existed in



Which European and national initiatives and reforms have made a difference to individual learners

and their need to access, enter, re-enter and combine learning throughout life?



# The way ahead?

European policies on lifelong and life-wide learning policies

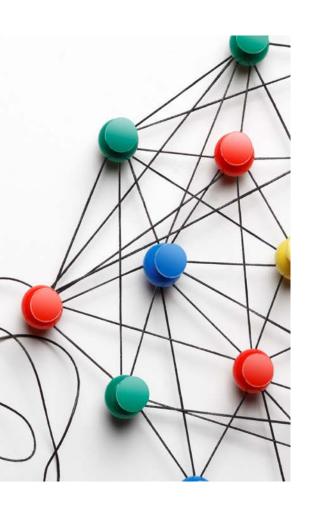


National developments of lifelong and life-wide learning policies

# Alternative policy scenarios toward 2040



#### The lessons learned?



What can we learn from the interaction between European and national policies; how can we build on these lessons?



#### The team structure

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#### Follow the **project page**

https://www.cedefop.europa.eu/en/projects/transparency-and-transferability-learning-outcomes



# Thank you for your attention!

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